

Performance,
Optimization, and Error
Handling in Power Query

Reid Havens – Havens Consulting



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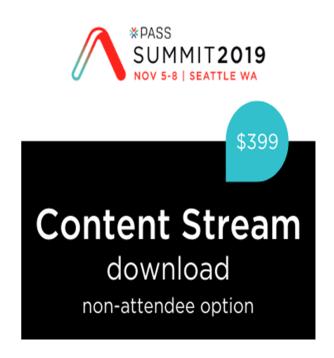


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Presenter Introduction

Reid Havens

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- Microsoft MVP
- PBI User Group Co-Organizer Redmond, WA
- Nickname: "The Viz Wiz"
- Specializes in teaching, consulting, and design

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Performance, Optimization, and Error Handling in Power Query

Reducing Query Data Optimizing Query Performance Leveraging Query Folding Utilizing the Query Diagnostics Tool Handling Conversion Errors



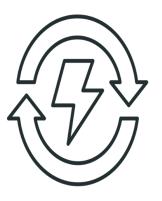
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Reducing Query Data

Common Transformations

- Common reduction transformations are:
 - Column modification
 - Reducing rows



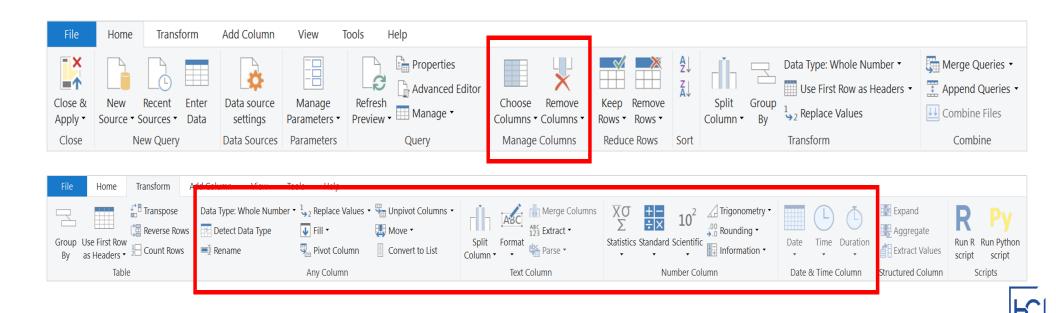


Reducing Query Data

Common Transformations ► Column Modification

- Types of column modifications:
 - Choosing or removing columns
 - Modifying columns

Most column modifications can be added without any coding required

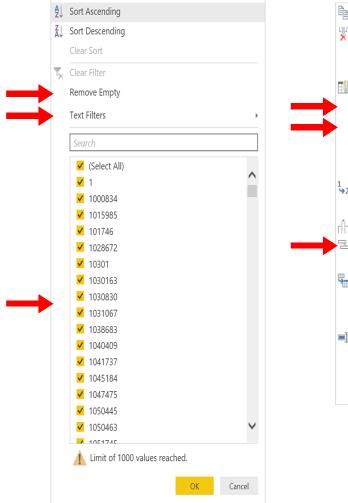


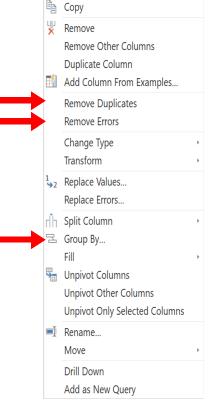
Reducing Query Data

Common Transformations ► Reducing Rows

- Types of row reduction:
 - Filtering rows:
 - Filtering by category or date¹
 - Removing *empty rows*
 - Removing duplicates
 - Removing *errors*
 - Group by column(s)²

1: Depending on data type
2: The **Group By** function aggregates rows up to a level higher than the original granularity of the table









Demonstration



Recommended Practices

- Query data reduction practices:
 - Select columns:
 - Select only columns that meet the current report requirements
 - Filter rows:
 - Filter by date (history)
 - Filter by category (subset of source data)
 - Reduce granularity:
 - Remove row level details outside the scope of report requirements
 - Change data type:
 - Set columns to appropriate data types



References

- Power Query Docs
 - https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-query/
- Common Power Query Tasks
 - https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/desktop-common-query-tasks
- HC Power Query Videos Playlist
 - https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLzN99cpDw6oBuidLOD20RVv83RusrBQ 3o









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Demonstration





Query optimization practices:

Row and column selection first:

 Choose columns and filter rows before transformations to reduce the amount of information processed by the mashup engine

Avoid duplicate applied steps:

• Try to avoid having multiple applied steps for the same types of transformations. Common transformations where this occurs are: change type, rename columns, or choose columns.

Remove duplicates:

• When remove duplicates from a column – avoid using the Group By command, unless an aggregation is required. Otherwise use the remove duplicates command

Add columns using left joins:

• Left joins with other tables typically calculate faster than adding a new column using the conditional column command



Recommended Practices

- Query optimization practices:
 - Use list commands for column calculations:
 - Whenever a calculation against a column is needed, such as min/max or sort commands. It is better to treat the column as a list using Statistical commands or the Group By and aggregate commands.





- The Blccountant Speed and Performance Aspects in Power Query
 - https://www.thebiccountant.com/speedperformance-aspects/
- HC Power Query Videos Playlist
 - https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLzN99cpDw6oBuidLOD20RVv83RusrBQ 3o









Performance, Optimization, and Error Handling in Power Query

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Introducing Query Folding

- Query folding is the ability for a Power Query query to generate a single query statement to retrieve and transform data at the source
 - Query folding is the most efficient path to connect a Power BI model table to its underlying data source
- Query folding **may occur** for an *entire Power Query* query, or for a *subset of its steps*
 - When query folding cannot be achieved for an applied step the transformation is imported and processed by Power Query¹

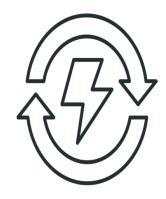






Compatible Data Sources

- Most data sources that have the concept of a query language support query folding – these can include:
 - Relational databases
 - OData feeds (including SharePoint lists), Exchange, and Active Directory.
- Data sources that are **not** supported:
 - Flat files
 - Blob
 - Web

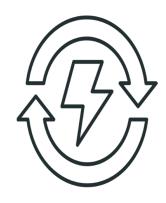




Compatible Applied Steps

Applied steps that can be query folded:

- Removing columns
- Renaming columns
- Changing a column data type
- Filtering rows with static values or Power Query parameters
- Grouping and summarizing
- Expanding record columns
- Non-fuzzy merging of fold-able queries from the same source
- Appending fold-able queries from the same source
- Adding custom columns with simple logic
- Pivoting and unpivoting





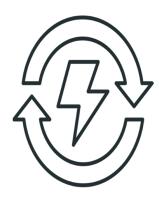
Incompatible Applied Steps

Applied steps that **cannot** be query folded:

- Using a custom SQL statement¹
- Merging queries based on different sources
- Appending queries based on different sources
- Adding custom columns with complex logic.
- Adding index columns
- Using the Buffer command
- Using any command to remove errors
- Transformations that use a List function²



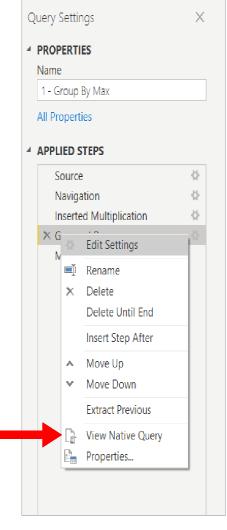
2: Unless used as an aggregation function inside a Group By command





Identifying Query Folding

- In the Power Query Editor window, it is possible to determine if any **applied step** can be folded
- In the Query Settings pane, when you right-click an applied step, if the View Native Query option is enabled (not greyed out) – then the query can be folded



Foldable



```
Native query
                                                                                                                        \square \times
                           Native Query
 sent to data
         source
                                 select max([rows].[Multiplication]) as [Max Sales Amount]
                                 from
                                     select case
                                            when [_].[OrderQty] is null and [_].[UnitPrice] is null
                                            then null
                                            else (case
                                                when [_].[OrderQty] is null
                                                then 1
                                                else [_].[OrderQty]
                                            end) * (case
                                                when [_].[UnitPrice] is null
                                                then 1
                                                else [_].[UnitPrice]
                                            end)
                                        end as [Multiplication]
                                     from
                                        select [OrderQty],
                                            [UnitPrice]
                                        from [SalesLT].[SalesOrderDetail] as [$Table]
                                     ) as [_]
                                 ) as [rows]
                                                                                                                      OK
```





Demonstration



Recommended Practices

- Delegate as much processing to the data source as possible
 - When all steps of a Power Query query cannot be folded, discover the step that prevents query folding
 - When possible, move subsequent steps earlier in sequence so they may be factored into the query folding¹
- Prepare and transformation data in the source
 - If certain Power Query query steps cannot be folded, it may be possible to apply the transformations in the data source
 - This could be achieved by writing a database view that logically transforms source data, or by physically preparing and materializing data
 - **1:** Note that the Power Query mashup engine may be smart enough to reorder your query steps when it generates the source query



References

- Importance of Power Query Folding
 - https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/guidance/power-query-folding
- Handling Query Folding
 - https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-query/handlingqueryfolding









Performance, Optimization, and Error Handling in Power Query

Reducing Query Data Optimizing Query Performance Leveraging Query Folding Utilizing the Query Diagnostics Tool Handling Conversion Errors



Demonstration



Recommended Practices

- To build a reliable data model in Power BI, you need to account for and handle errors carefully
- Consider the pros and cons of replacing values, replacing errors, or letting the refresh fail upon error
 - If you use the replace errors command consider outputting an errors table in the report for review and analysis when errors occur



References

- Exception Report: Error Rows
 - https://radacad.com/exception-reporting-in-power-bi-catch-the-error-rows-in-power-query
- Errors Power Query
 - https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powerquery-m/errors
- Error Handling for Power Query Connectors
 - https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-query/handlingerrors









Performance, Optimization, and Error Handling in Power Query

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Query Diagnostics Tool

Introducing the Diagnostics Tool

- Query Diagnostics is a powerful feature that will allow you to record what Power Query is doing during authoring time specifically it allows authors to see:
 - What queries are being generated
 - Query timing and potential slowdowns during refresh
 - Any background events that are happening
- Results are pared into a summarized and detailed view query for analysis







Demonstration



Recommended Practices

- For accurate query diagnostic results, the following options should be disabled:
 - Allow data preview to download in background
 - Parallel loading of tables
- It is also recommended to clear the query cache if running using the diagnostics tool to measure query timings



References

- Query Diagnostics
 - https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-query/querydiagnostics
- Recording Query Diagnostics in Power BI
 - https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-query/recordingquerydiagnostics
- HC Power Query (Query) Diagnostics Tool
 - https://www.havensconsulting.net/blog-and-media/2019/10/1/power-query-query-diagnostics-in-power-bi





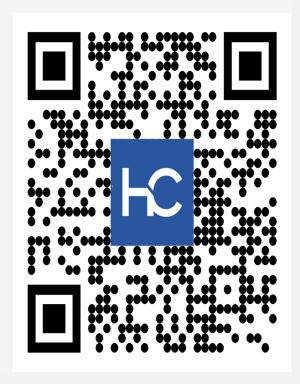


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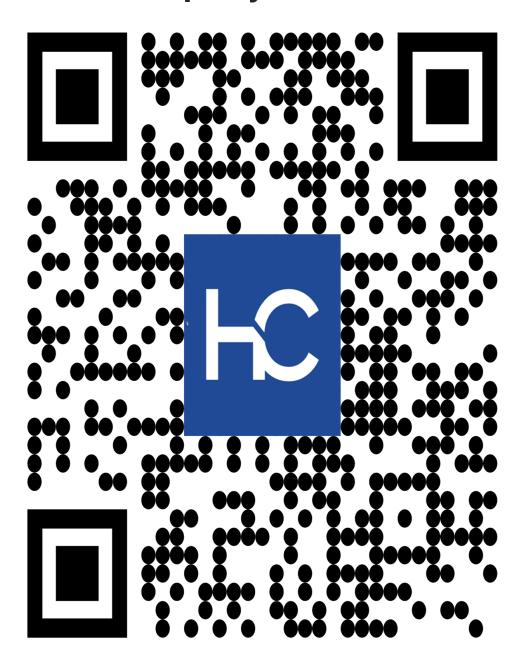


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